Name of Practice: SHORELINE STABILIZATION DCR Specification for No. SE-2

This document specifies terms and conditions for the Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation's agricultural shoreline stabilization practice that are applicable to all contracts entered into with respect to that practice.

A. <u>Description and Purpose</u>

Structures and/or vegetative measures will be designed and implemented to stabilize shoreline areas of tidally-influenced streams and rivers, estuaries, bays, and the ocean.

The purpose of this practice is to improve water quality by stabilizing shoreline areas that are being eroded because of waves, boat wake, or overland flow.

B. Policies and Specifications

- 1. Cost-share and tax credit are authorized:
 - i. For land shaping to achieve a stable slope.
 - ii. For the construction of riprap revetments, sills (riprap or oyster shell bags), groins, break-waters, and gabion systems.
 - iii. For the establishment of vegetation.
 - iv. For engineering and design assistance.
 - v. For shorelines bordering only agricultural and forestall lands. Other lands such as recreational, urban and built-up or residential lots are not eligible.
 - vi. For tidally-influenced waters only.
- 2. To qualify for cost-share and/or tax credit, all designs must be reviewed by DCR's Shoreline Erosion Advisory Service (SEAS) and meet the intent of SEAS program guidelines.
- 3. All appropriate local, state, and federal permits must be obtained before costshare or tax credit is authorized.
- 4. This is a one-time incentive payment and not eligible for reapplication on the same site. Lifespan requirements can be waived if damaged by acts of nature.
- 5. Livestock must be excluded from the project area.
- 6. This practice is subject to the requirements of applicable NRCS Standards including 342 Critical Area Planting, 580 Streambank and Shoreline Protection, 382 Fence, and 612 Tree/Shrub Establishment.

7. All practice components implemented must be maintained for a minimum of 15 years following the calendar year of certification of completion. The lifespan begins on Jan. 1 of the calendar year following the year of implementation. By accepting either a cost-share payment or a state tax credit for this practice the participant agrees to maintain all practice components for the specified lifespan. This practice is subject to spot check by the District or SEAS throughout the lifespan of the practice and failure to maintain the practice may result in reimbursement of cost share and/or tax credits.

C. Rate(s)

- 1. The state cost-share rate, alone or if combined with any other cost-share program, will not exceed 75% of the total eligible cost including all necessary components needed to implement shoreline stabilization.
- 2. As set forth by Virginia Code § 58.1-339.3 and §58.1-439.5, Virginia currently provides a tax credit for implementation of certain BMP practices. The current tax credit rate, which is subject to change in accordance with the Code of Virginia, is 25% of the total eligible cost not to exceed \$17,500.00.
- 3. If a participant receives cost-share, only the participant's eligible out-of-pocket share of the project cost is used to determine the tax credit.

D. <u>Technical Responsibility</u>

Technical and administrative responsibility is assigned to qualified technical DCR and District staff in consultation, where appropriate and based on the controlling standard, with DCR, Virginia Certified Nutrient Management Planner(s), NRCS, DOF, and VCE. Individuals certifying technical need and technical practice installation shall have appropriate certifications as identified above and/or Engineering Job Approval Authority (EJAA) for the designed and installed component(s). All practices are subject to spot check procedures and any other quality control measures.

Revised April 2020